

A Voyage In The B Vitamins World: B₆ As Novel Ligand In Cluster Chemistry And New Discoveries In The Field Of B₁₂ Crystallography.

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Presented herein are a couple of crystallographically interesting examples (small molecule *vs.* 'large' small molecule) featuring either vitamin B_6 (pyridoxine, PN-H) or B_{12} (cyanocobalamin, CNCbl), the former as novel and versatile ligand in cluster chemistry, and the latter in a unique protonated form offering up the occasion to examine and discuss the influence of crystal packing forces in cobalamins' structures. In particular:

I. By using vitamin B_6 in its mono-deprotonated pyridoxine form (PN-H⁻) [PN = 3-hydroxy-4,5-bis(hydroxymethyl)-2-methylpyridine], we have synthesized and magneto-structurally characterized two tetranuclear $Mn_2^{II}Mn_2^{III}$ and Cu_4^{II} compounds of formula [Mn₄(PN-H)₄(CH₃CO₂)₃Cl₂]Cl·2CH₃OH·2H₂O and [Cu₄(PN-H)₄Cl₂(H₂O)₂]Cl₂, showing the ability of B_6 to act as unusual but suitable ligand toward the self-assembling of cubane moieties [1].

II. In the course of experiments directed toward the synthesis of vitamin B_{12} -bioconjugates for drug-delivery purposes, we observed the formation of well-shaped red parallelepipeds from a concentrated aqueous solution of the HPLC-purified vitamin. The crystals were investigated classically by using MoK_a radiation at 98 K, and they turned out to be an unprecedented CNCbl-trifluoracetate salt. By comparing this structure with other CNCbls reported in the literature, we noted significant differences in the upward fold angle of the corrin macrocycle, which could only be justified by assuming the existence of a strong relationship between crystal packing forces and cobalamins' molecular structure, as mostly ignored in the field of B_{12} crystallography so far [2].



Figure 1: Left. A view of the cationic unit in complex $[Cu_4(PN-H)_4Cl_2(H_2O)_2]Cl_2$; H-atoms omitted for clarity. Right. A view of the isolated CNCbl(H)⁺ cation.

References

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- 2. N. Marino, A. E. Rabideau, R. P. Doyle, *Inorg. Chem.* 2011, 50, 220-230.

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